



BLM Thresholds on Superconducting Magnets (focused on millisecond losses - RS05)

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Threshold components and Note44 algorithm

$$T = S_{\text{BLM}}(E_b) \cdot \Delta Q(E_b, t) / E_D(E_b, t)$$

BLM signal
quench margin
energy deposited in coil

1. $t < t_{\text{metal}}$: $\Delta Q = \text{enthalpy limit } (\Delta H), E_D = E_{\text{max}}$
2. $t_{\text{metal}} < t < t_{\text{helium}}$: $\Delta Q = \Delta H + 5\% \text{Helium}, E_D = E_{\text{cable}}$
3. $t > t_{\text{helium}}$: $\Delta Q = 5\% \text{Helium} + \text{SteadyFlow} \cdot t, E_D = E_{\text{cable}}$

$$\text{Helium} = \int_{T_0}^{T_{\text{quench}}} c_v dT, \quad T_0 = 1.9\text{K or } 4.5\text{K}, \quad T_{\text{quench}} = 2.8\text{K ... } 9\text{K}$$

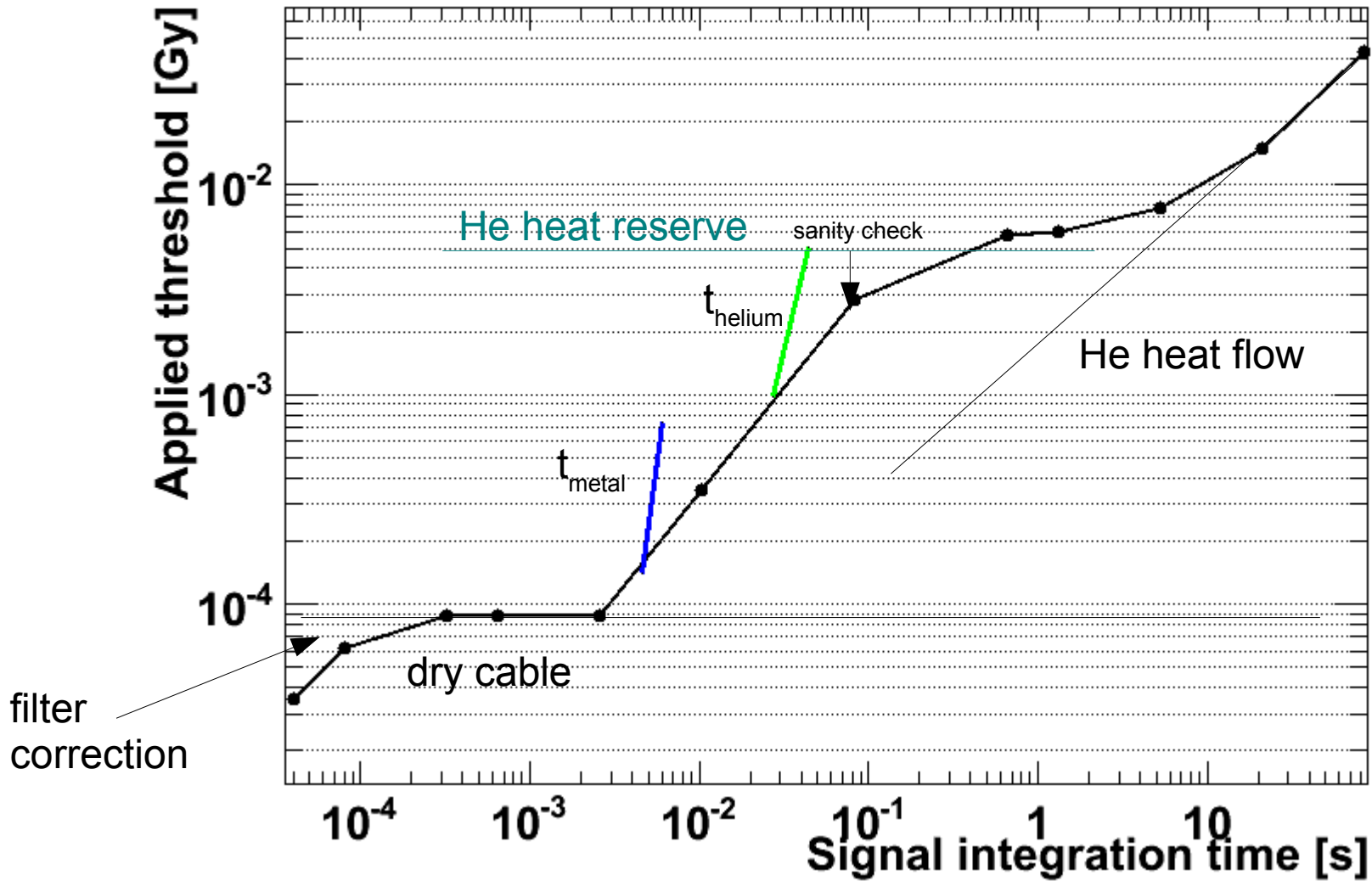
Ingredients, 8 functions of E_{beam} :

S_{BLM} , t_{metal} , t_{helium} , ΔH , SteadyFlow , E_{max} , E_{cable} , Helium
 measured!

Geant4,
 analytic calculations,
 thermodynamic
 models

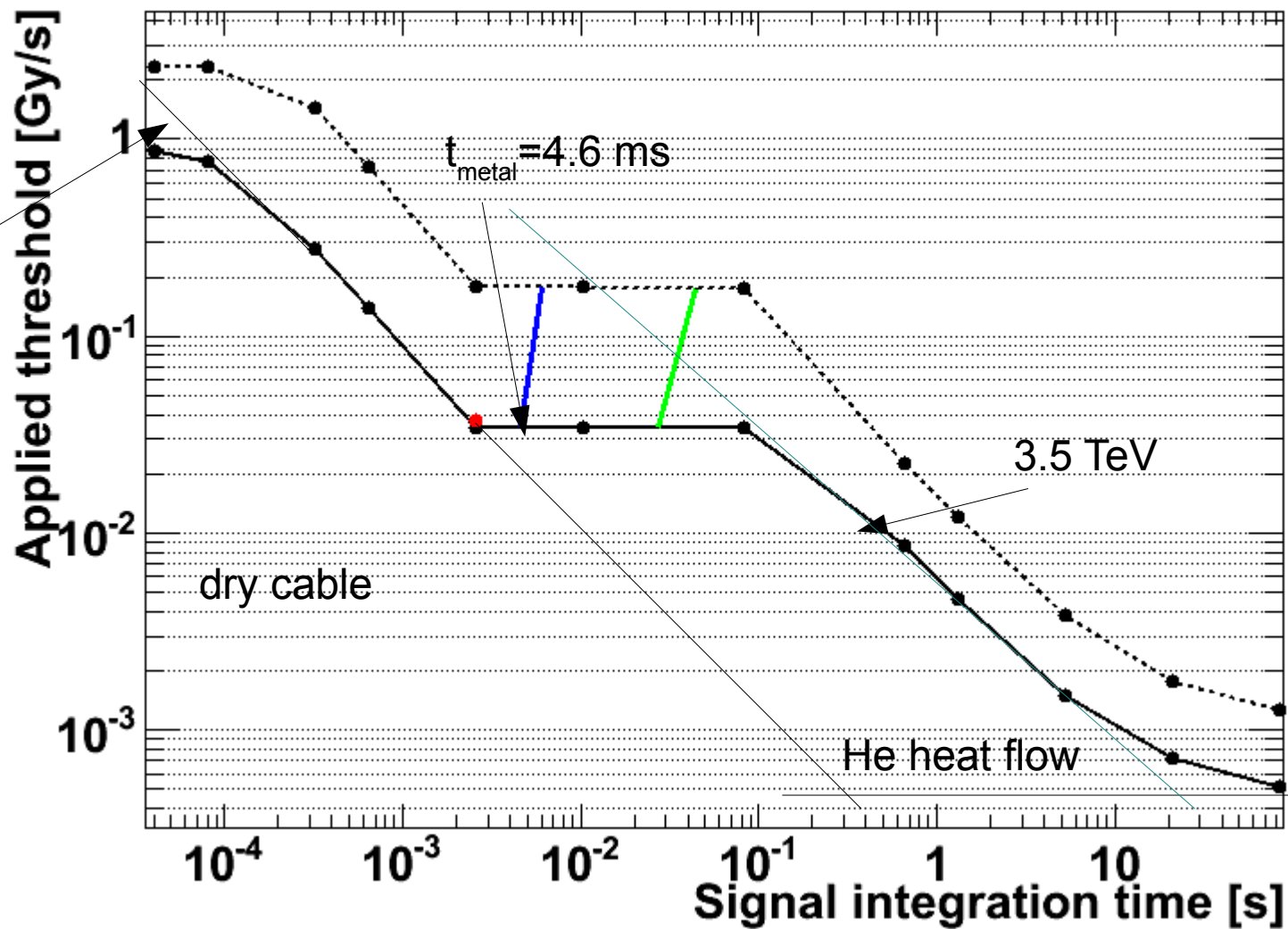


Threshold components



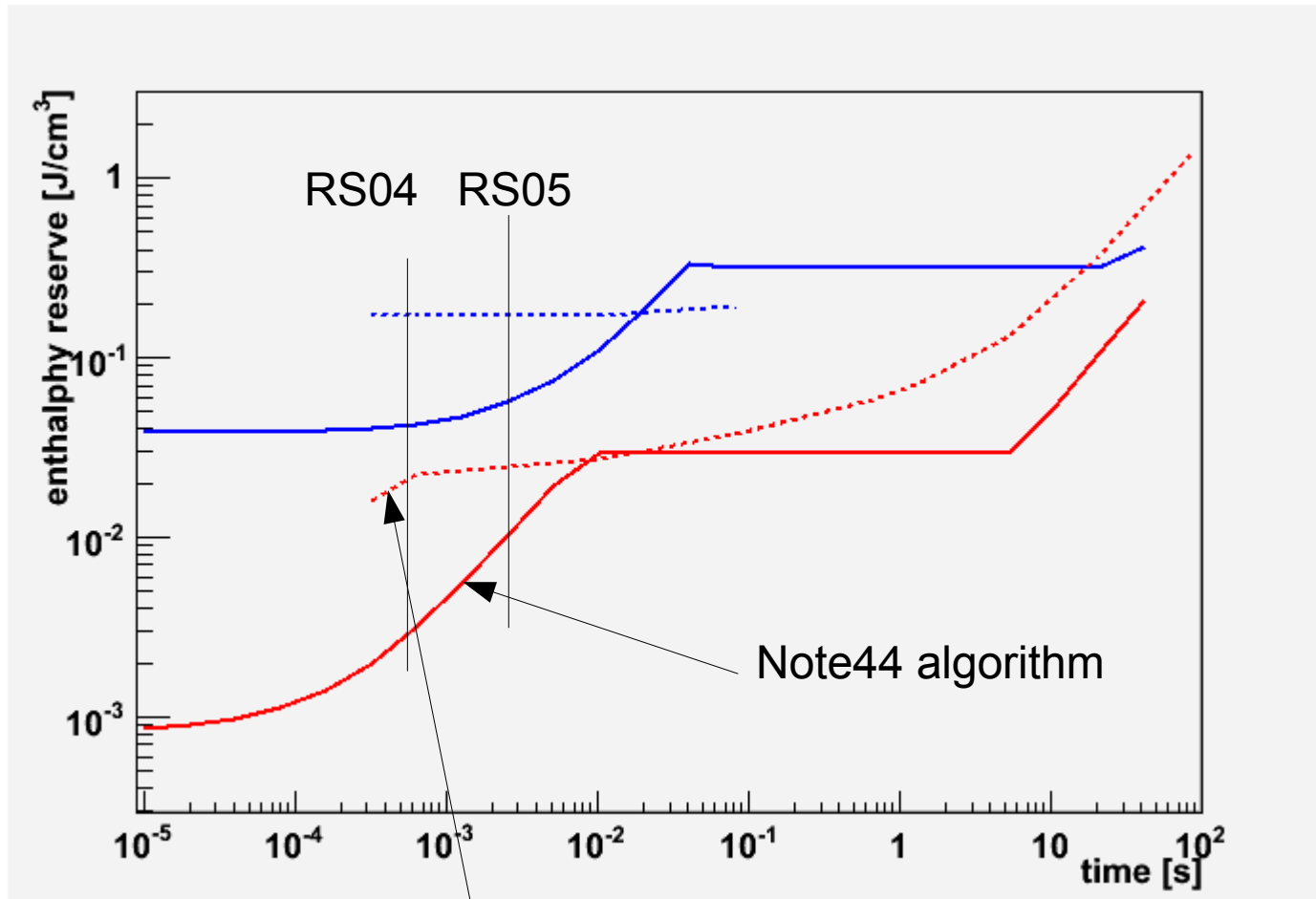


Threshold components



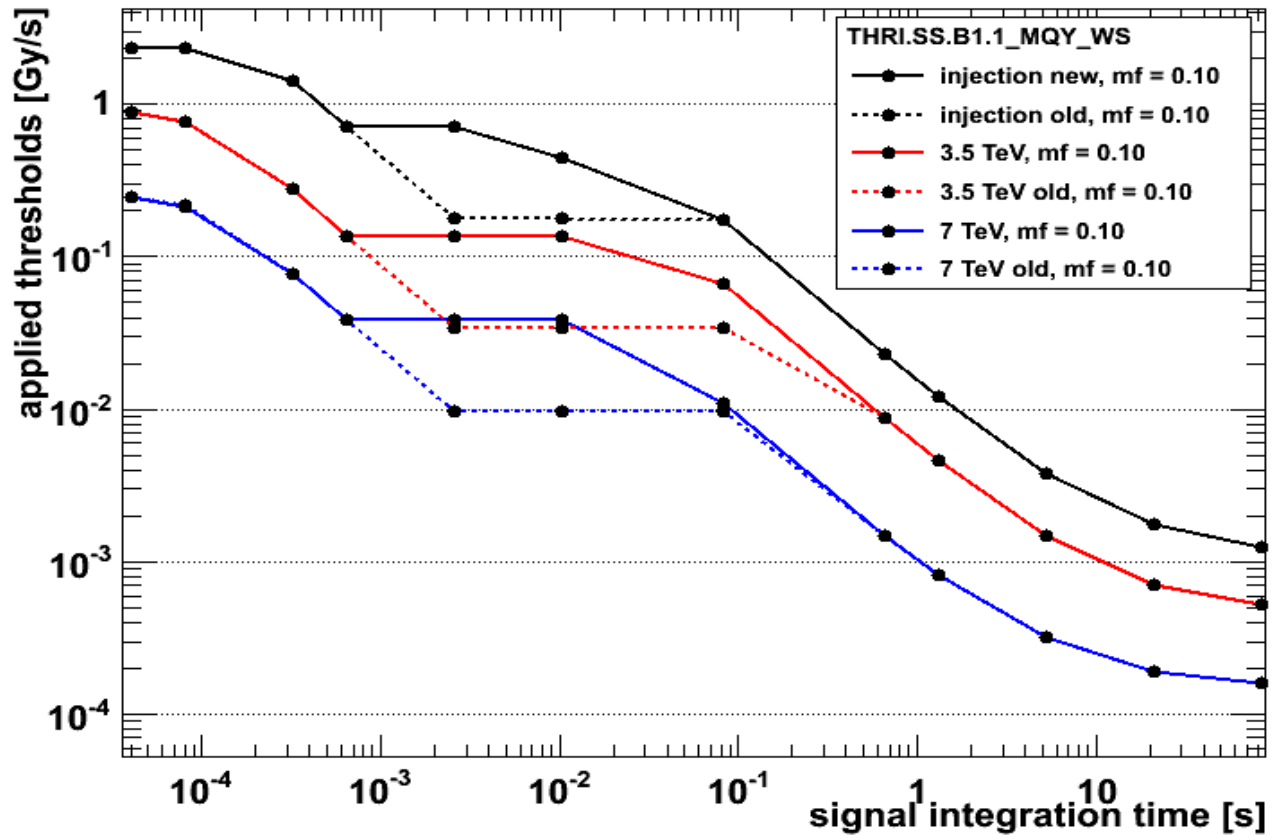


Helium contribution – at which timescale?





If helium contributes faster:



E_{beam} [TeV]	old t_{metal}	new t_{metal}
0.45	6 ms	2.5 ms
3.5	4.6 ms	2 ms
7	3 ms	1.4 ms