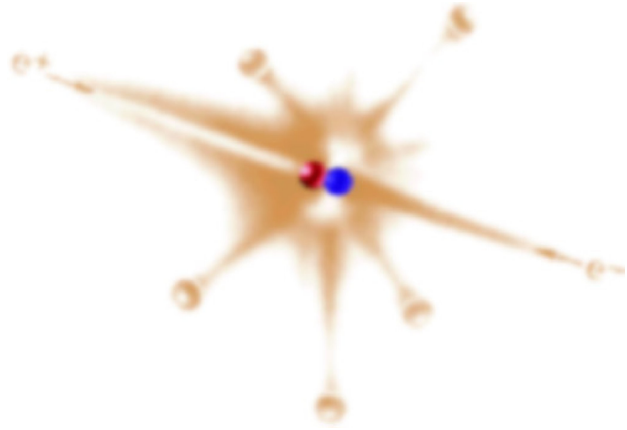
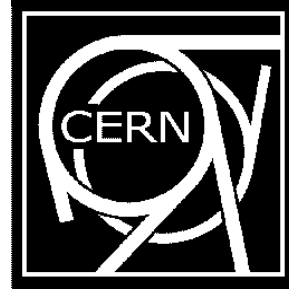


# Assessment of BLM Thresholds in Collimation Regions for the LHC startup

By Till Böhlen & BLM-Team



# Content



Introduction to Protection of Collimators

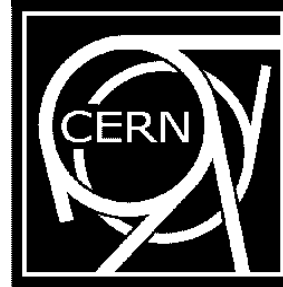
Approach & Work so far

Experiment @ SPS & Simulations

Simulations for LHC Setup (IR3&7)

Summary

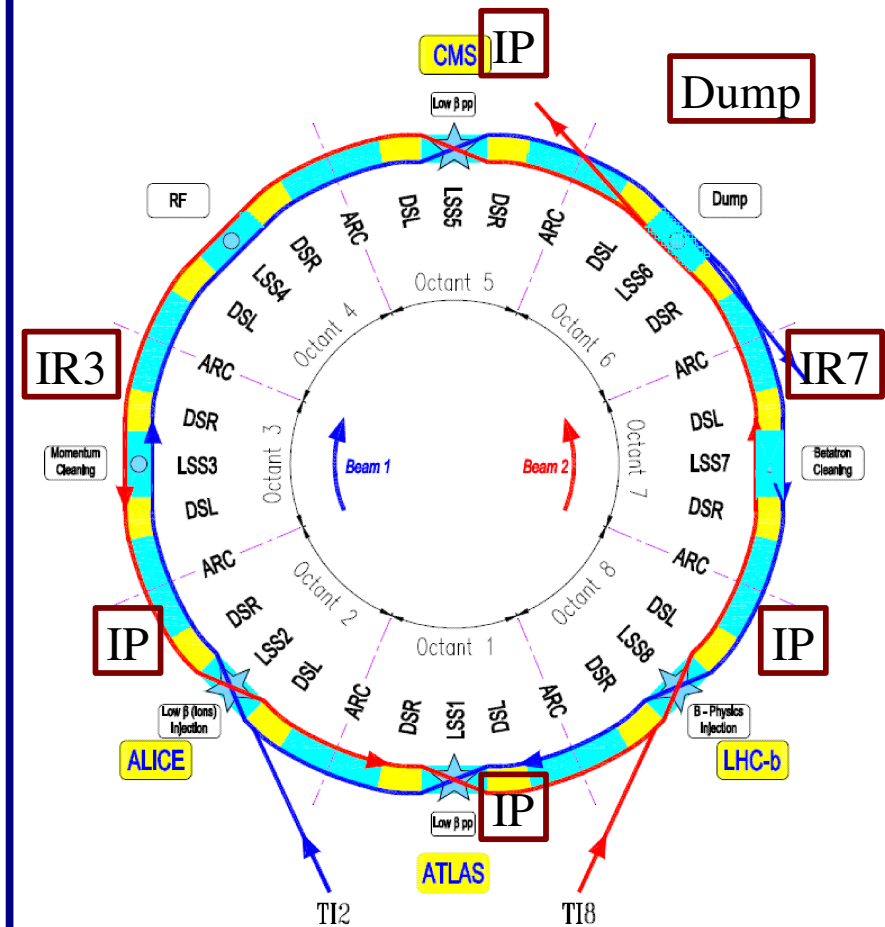
# Collimator Types & Locations



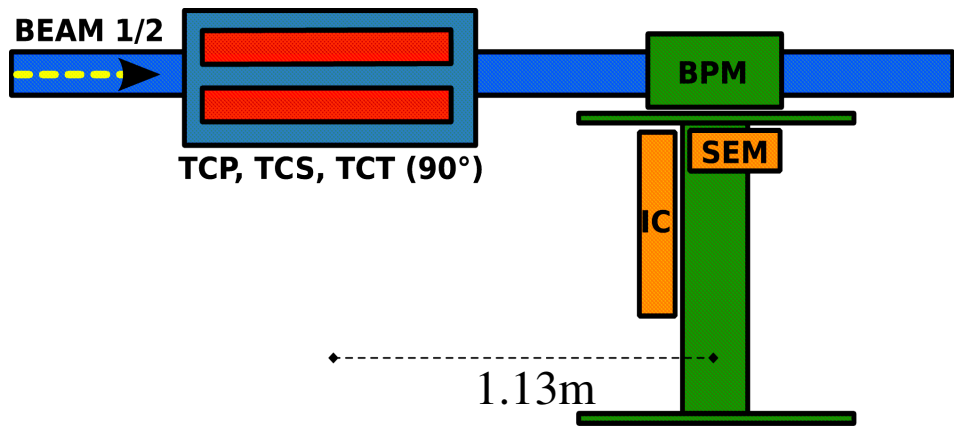
## Types of Collimators

	Active Jaw	Material
TCP	60cm	C-C
TCSG	100m	C-C
TCLA(TCT)	100m	W in Cu
Additionally: TCSM, TCLI(C-C), TCLP(Cu), ...		

## Locations

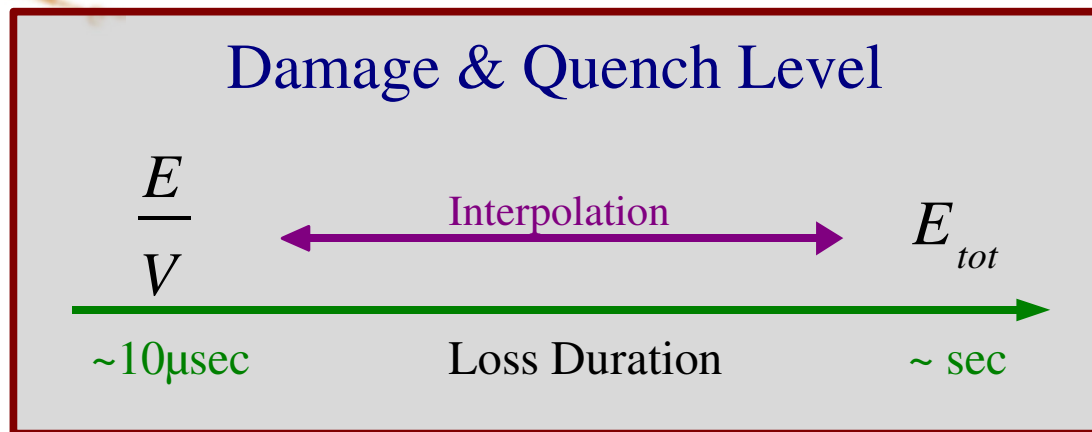
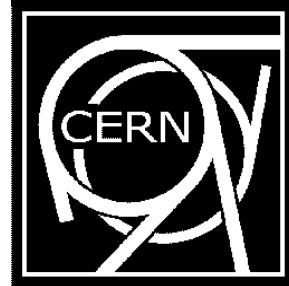


## Exemplary Setup



IR3 & 7

# Task: Protecting Collimators



BLM thresholds can be set:

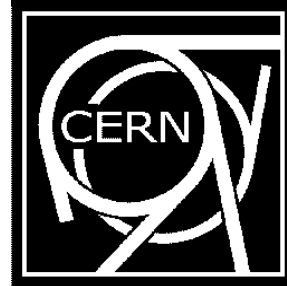
- for 12 loss durations
- for 32 beam energies

## Collimator Damage Levels

Given by Collimation Group (R. Assmann):

	energy	steady state ( $t > 10\text{s}$ )	intermediate ( $10\text{s} > t > 1\text{s}$ )	transient ( $1\text{s} > t$ )
TCP:	7 TeV	90 kW	449 kW	?
	450GeV	87 kW	430 kW	1.1MW(only IR3)
TCSG:	7 TeV	9 kW	45kW	?
	450GeV	9 kW	43kW	110kW(only IR3)
TCLA:	7 TeV	45W	215 W	?
	450GeV	45W	225 W	550W (only IR3)

(preliminary numbers, still to be completed!)



# Timeline

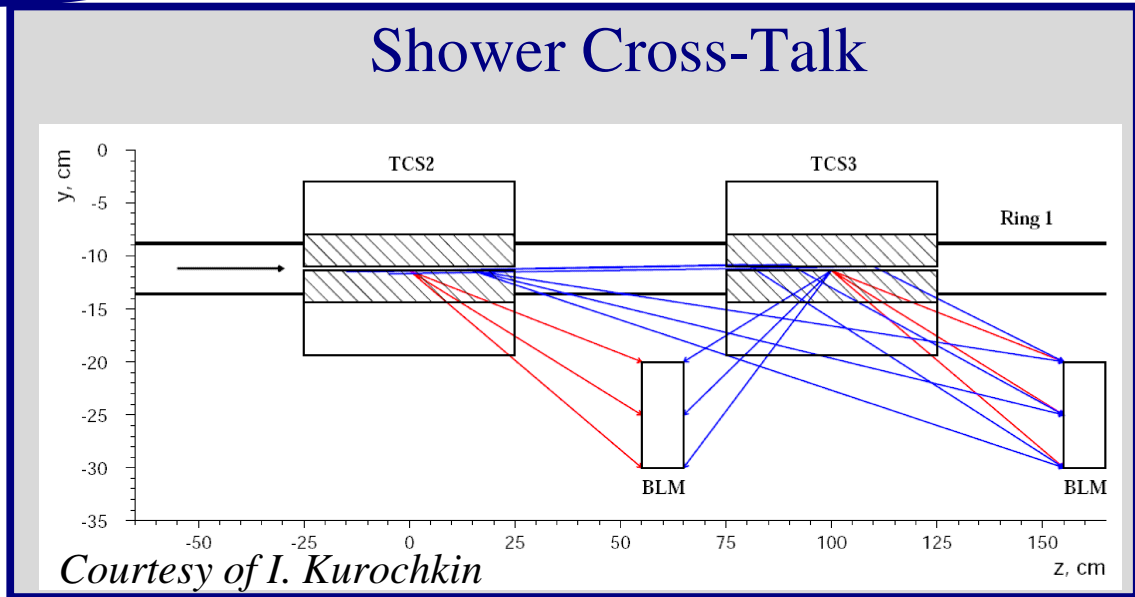
Past  
Present  
Future

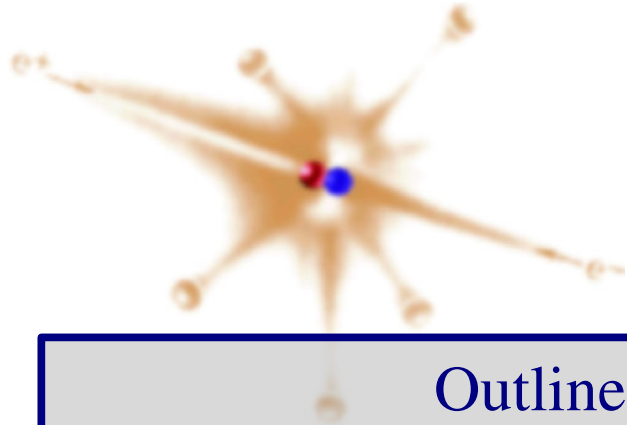
IR7 Simulation  
shower cross-talk matrices, heat in collimator jaws, ... (FLUKA, ANSYS)  
M. Magistris, M. Leitner,  
M. Brugger et al., 2006

IR3 Simulation  
shower cross-talk matrices,  
transversal energy distribution (MARS, K2)  
I. Kurochkin, 2002-03

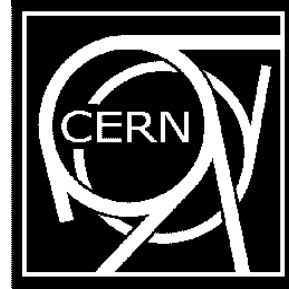
Studying beam loss patterns  
SPS, verification: exp. vs. sim.  
LHC, relation: ED in jaws to Signal (FLUKA)  
My work

tbc ... FLUKA & BLM Team  
updated simulations for current LHC layout  
final shower cross-talks, ...





# Our Approach



## Outline

Studying the relation between energy deposition (ED) in jaws and signal of BLM detectors

Focusing on collimation regions

★ With LHC startup setup

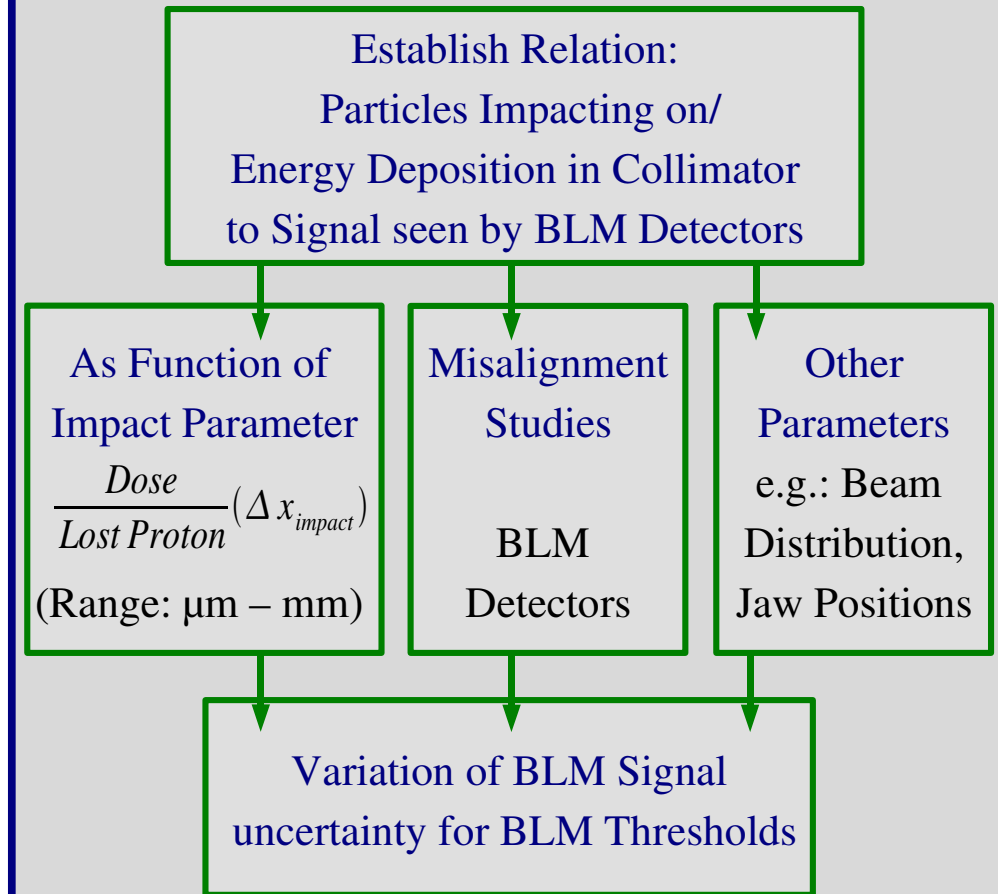
Conservative approach

★ Each collimator is protected by dedicated BLM pair (but shower cross-talks!)

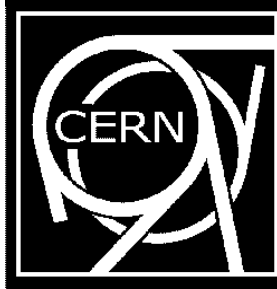
★ Security factor of about 10 for BLM thresholds

★ Final revision: allows for efficient LHC operation? (i.e. low false dump-rate)

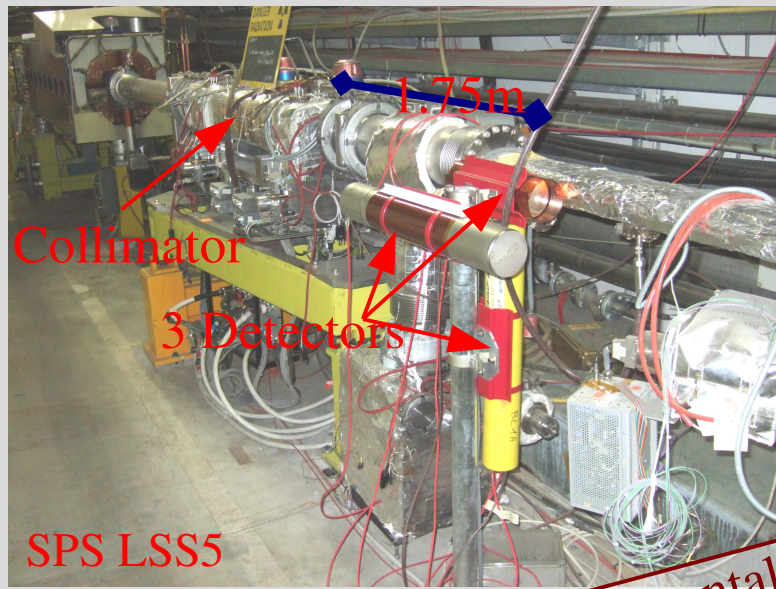
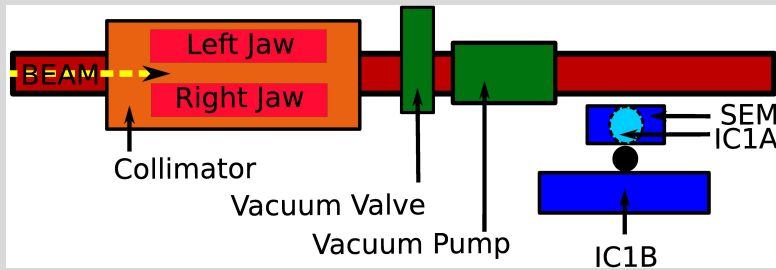
## By Simulation



# Losses at the LHC collimator in the SPS

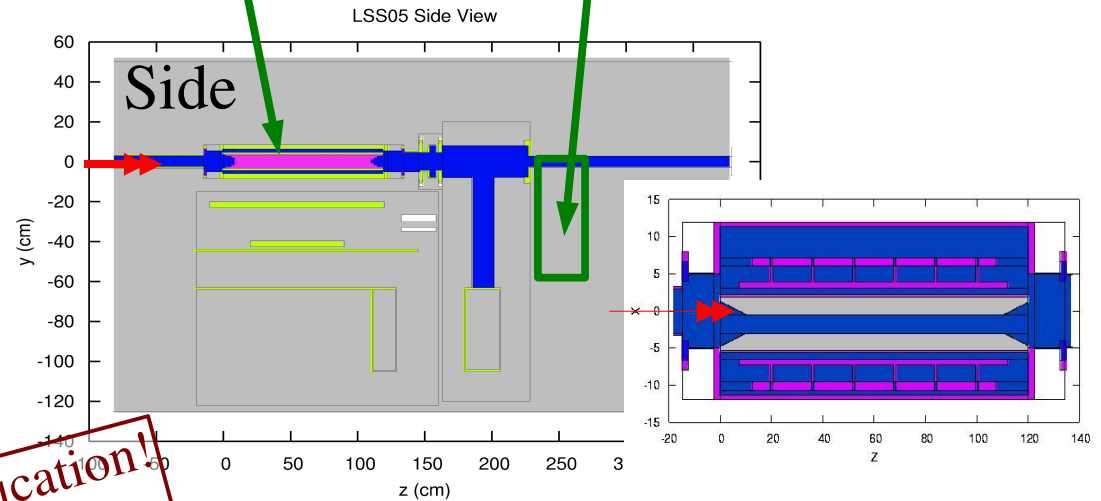
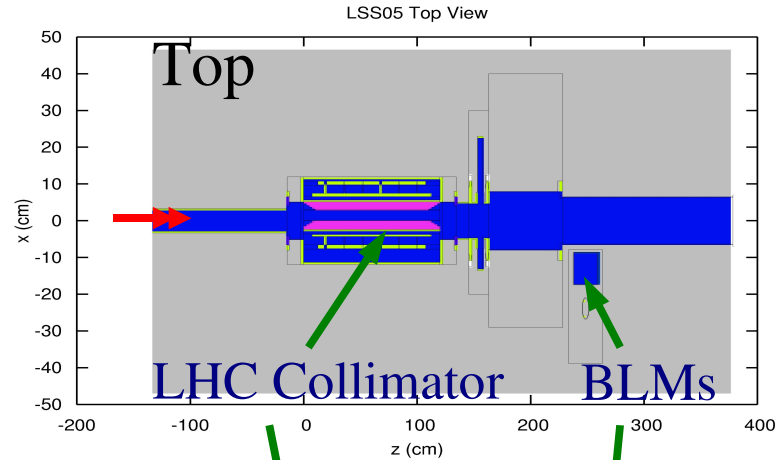


## Experiment



**Experimental verification!  
Assess Systematic Errors!**

## FLUKA Implementation



Focus on:  
Collimator,  
BLM Detectors,  
Beam Tube

Unknown model parameters:

Errors: mostly 1-5%, all < 15%



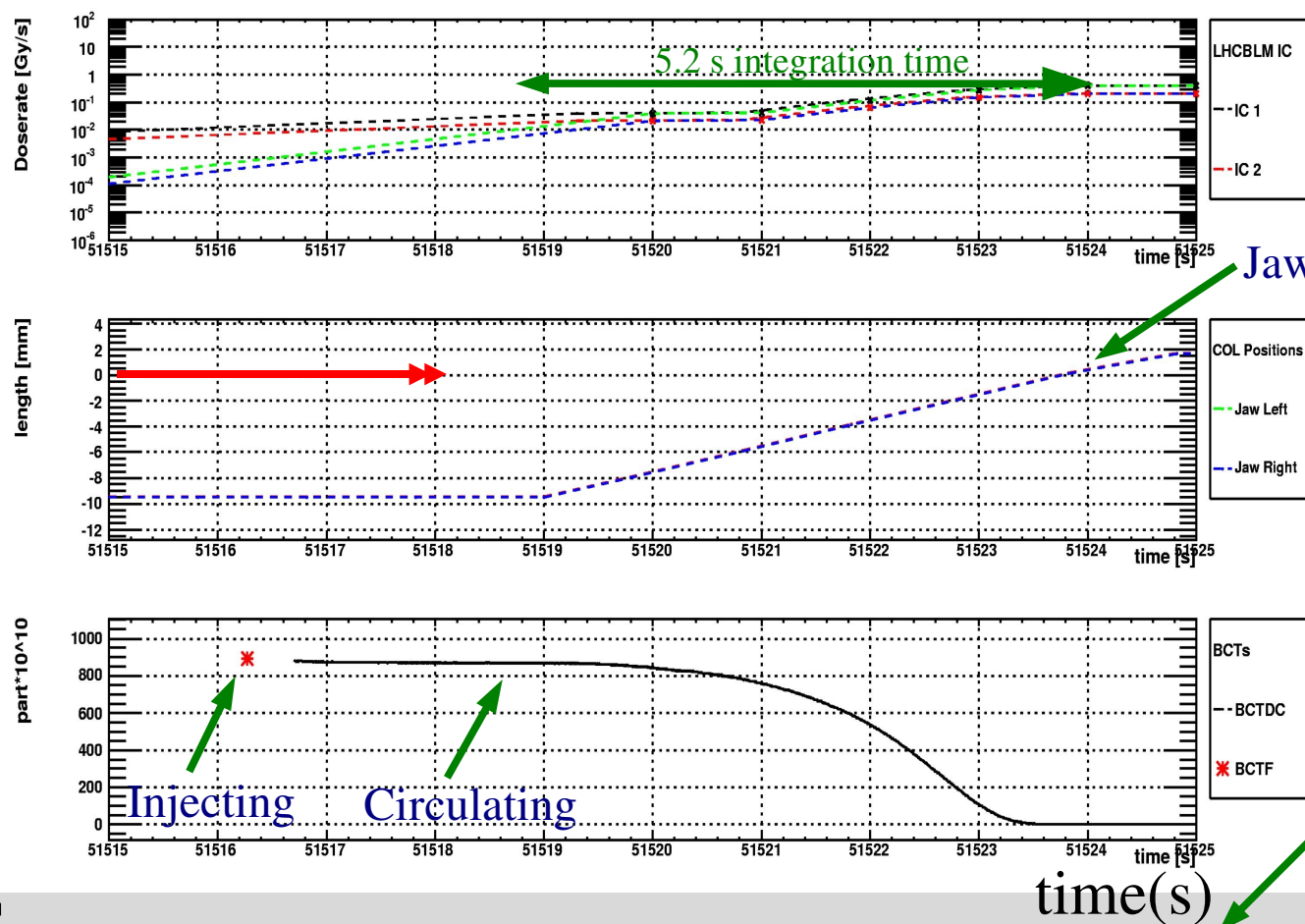
# Measurements in the SPS

Conditions:  $0.9 - 1.3 \times 10^{13}$  protons @ 26 GeV



Total loss: killing beam at injection plateau with collimator

part.  $\times 10^{10}$  | Collimator Jaw Pos. (mm)



Jaw speed  $\sim 2$  mm/s

But: Just 2 experimental values!

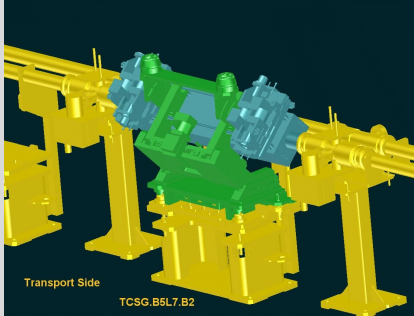
BLM IC Response (Data from BLM IC1A)

Exp.: L  $3.24 \pm 0.25 \times 10^{-13}$  Gy/Prot. (R  $2.31 \pm 0.24 \times 10^{-13}$  Gy/Prot.)

Sim.: L  $3.30 \pm 0.17 \times 10^{-13}$  Gy/Prot. (R  $2.42 \pm 0.10 \times 10^{-13}$  Gy/Prot.)



# Simulations for LHC Setup



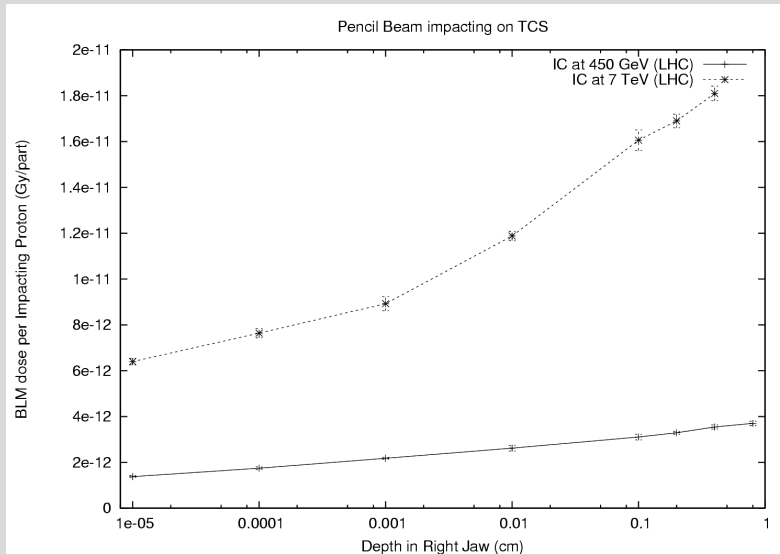
- Fluencies in detectors similar to SPS setup

Computation of:

- Detector response/primary on collimator
- Detector response/total energy deposition (ED) in collimator jaw
- Detector response/maximal ED in collimator jaw

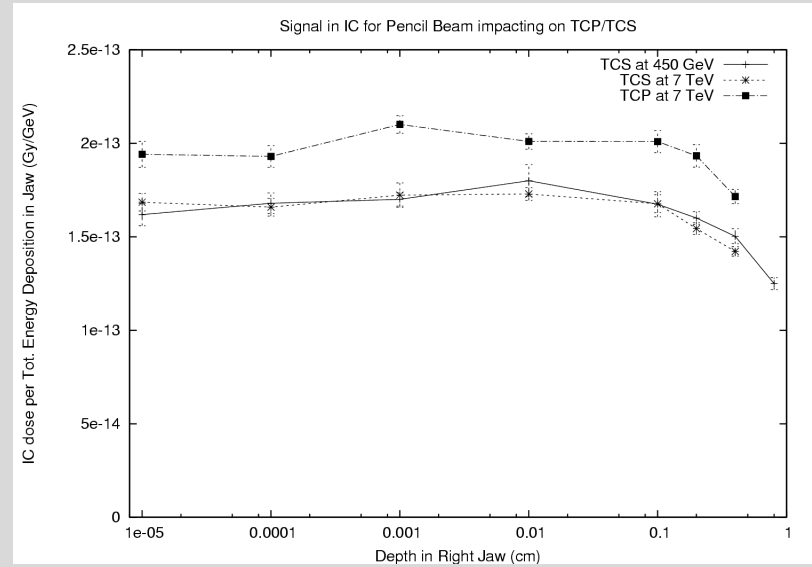
## Preliminary Results

Dose per Proton (Gy/part)



Depth in right jaw (cm)

Dose per Tot. ED  
(Gy/GeV in Jaw)

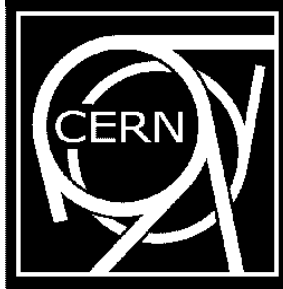


Depth in right jaw (cm)

- Example for critical failure: IC signal/Max. ED =  $1.94 \pm 0.13 \times 10^{-14} \text{ Gy} \cdot \text{cm}^3 / \text{GeV}$
- Detector response to total ED by **~50% lower** for secondary shower compared to beam protons!



# Summary



## Implementation of experimental setup in SPS

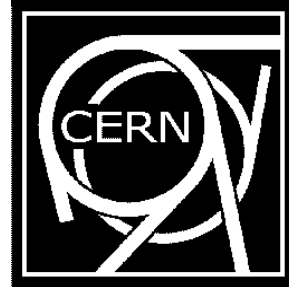
- ★ First comparisons between meas. and sim. => agreement within 5%
- ★ More measurements hopefully in this month!
- ★ Final determined discrepancy of meas.-model as systematic uncertainty for assessment of LHC BLM detector thresholds by simulations

## Ongoing implementation and computation for LHC setup by BLM & FLUKA team

- ★ Assessing BLM detector threshold values based on damage limits for collimators

## Conservative approach for assessment of BLM thresholds

- ★ Not considering shower cross-talks
- ★ Security margin of 10

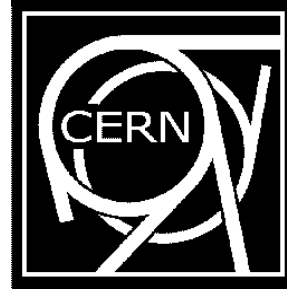


Thanks for attentive ...



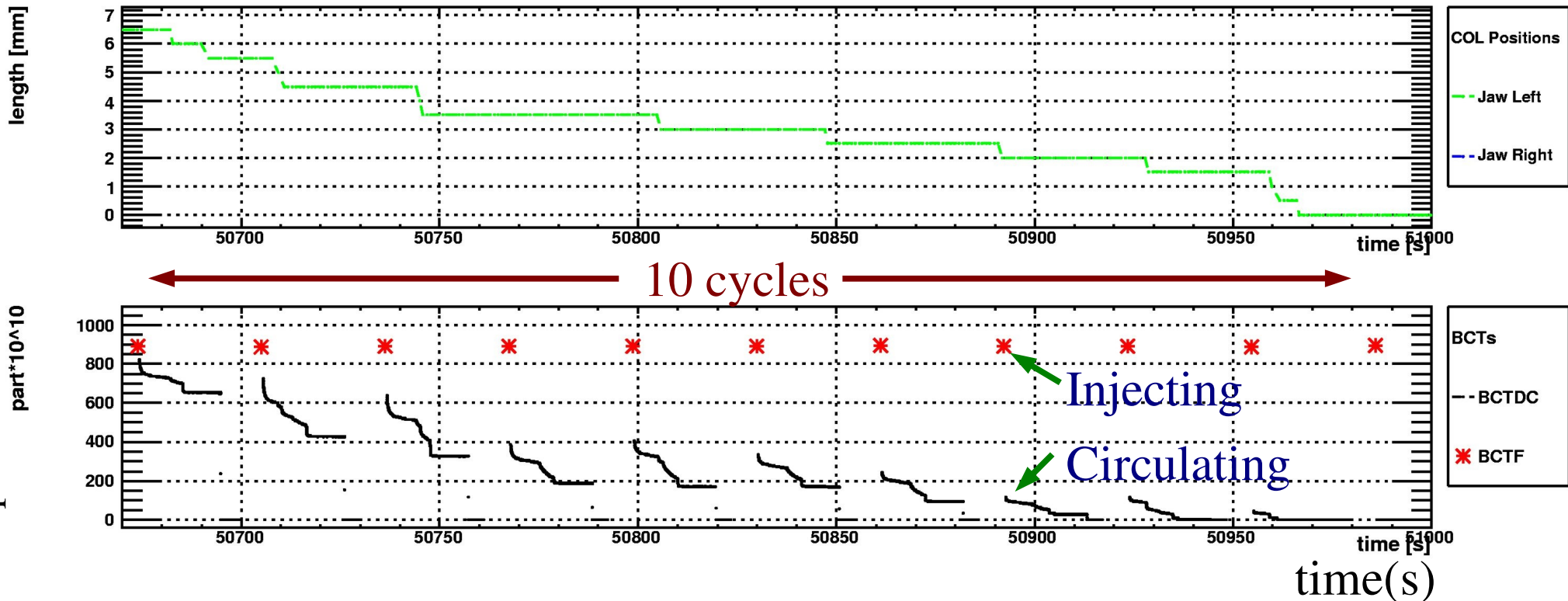
Comments and questions welcome!

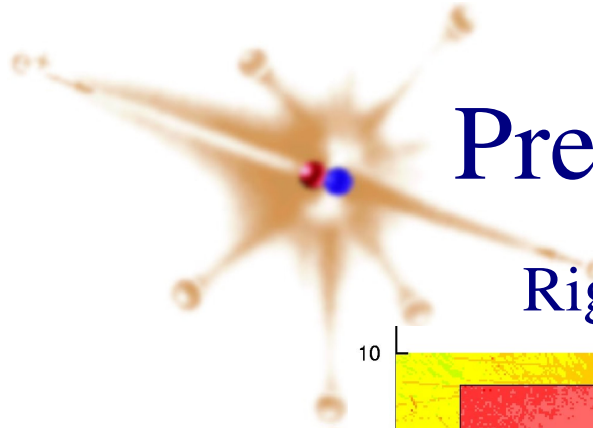
# Measurement Conditions (Add.)



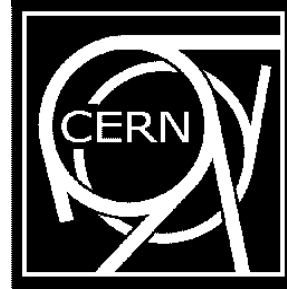
- Until now: 2 Session à 1h 08/11/07 12/11/07
- $0.9 - 1.3 \times 10^{13}$  protons @ 26 GeV, Type: LHC25NS&FT, cycling mode
- Measurements done for varying collimator positions
- Acquisition of: beam current and BLM detector response
- Wire scanner meas. for beam width => beam width at collimator

part.x10<sup>10</sup> | Collimator Jaw Pos.(mm)  
part\*10<sup>10</sup>



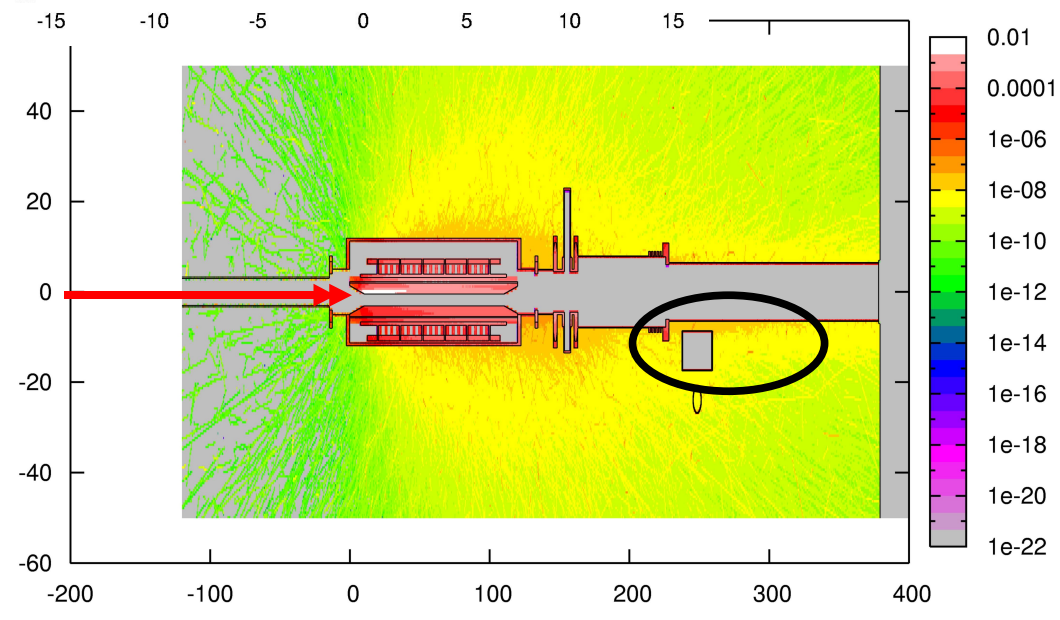
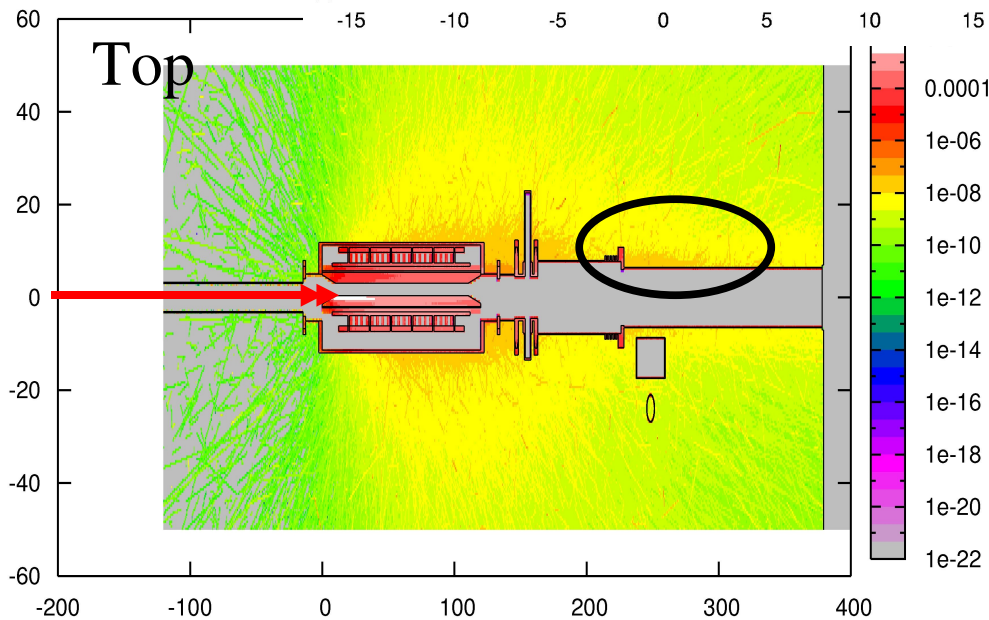
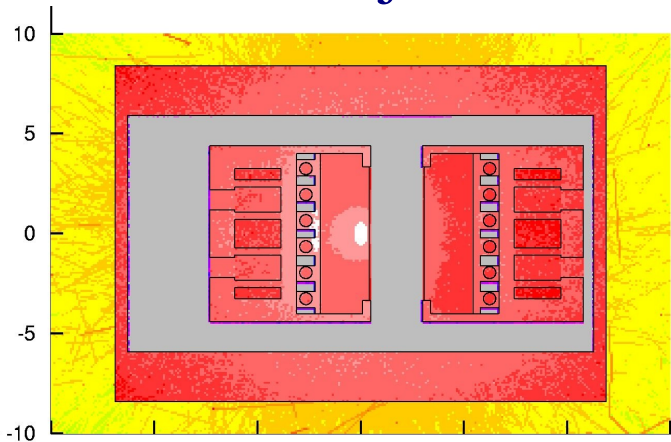
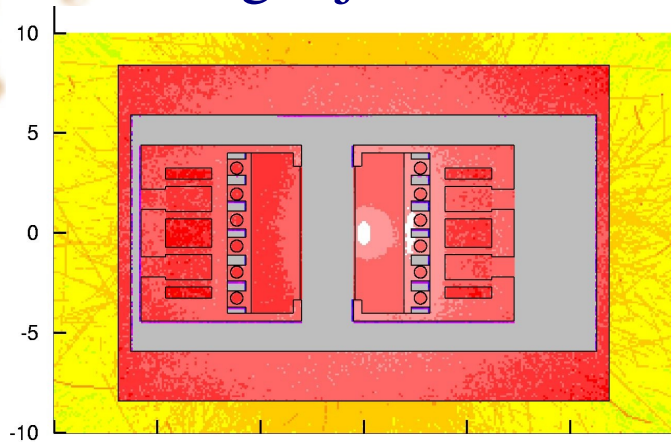


# Preliminary Results (Add.)



Right jaw in

Left jaw in



• IC signal ratio Right/Left Sim:  $0.73 \pm 0.05$  Exp:  $0.71 \pm 0.09$